## Exhibit 50

## IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

IN RE: RECOUNT AND/OR

RECANVASS OF THE VOTE

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE

UNITED STATES AND FOR

THE UNITED STATES

SENATE IN THE NOVEMBER

8, 2016 GENERAL

ELECTION

CIVIL DIVISION

2016-22954

MOTION TRANSCRIPT

FILED BY: Jennifer Cox

Official Court Reporter

DATE:

December 2, 2016

BEFORE:

Honorable Joseph James

COUNSEL OF RECORD: For the Republican State Committee of Pennsylvania t/d/b/a Republican Party of Pennsylvania; Republican Committee of Allegheny County

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1	THE COURT: All right. We scheduled a
2	hearing this morning. There was a notice of an
3	appeal filed in opposition. An emergency petition
4	to quash, a notice of appeal of the decision of
5	the Allegheny County Board of Elections.
6	We have an array of people sitting here.
7	Let's see who is representing whom.
8	MR. HICKS: Good morning, Your Honor. Ron
9	Hicks and Nick Bell for the Republican State
10	Committee of Pennsylvania and the Republican
11	Committee of Allegheny County.
12	THE COURT: Good morning, Mr. Hicks.
13	MR. GAUL: Your Honor, Stuart Gall on behalf
14	of the Jill Stein for President Campaign and Jil
15	Stein.
16	With me today is Douglas Lieb, whose
17	admission we will seek pro hac vice. He is with
18	the firm Emery, Celli, Brinckerhoff & Abday, and
19	he's here as well.
20	MR. OPSITNICK: Judge, Allan Opsitnick,
21	Assistant County Solicitor on behalf of
22	Allegheny County for the district.
23	THE COURT: I guess we should start with
24	the motion for admission pro hac vice. That's
25	vour motion. Mr. Gaul.

1	MR. GAUL: It is our motion, Your Honor.
2	This is the original receipt we received back
3	from the Department of Court Records.
4	Mr. Lieb, as I mentioned earlier, is with
5	the Emery, Celli firm. He is admitted to
6	practice the bar in the state of New York and
7	California.
8	He indicated he would be willing to abide
9	by the rules of this Court, and he has submitted
10	the required fee and certification to the IOLTA
11	Board.
12	I have indicated that I will supervise and
13	monitor his work in this action, and I will.
14	On that basis, Your Honor, I ask that he
15	be admitted pro hac vice.
16	THE COURT: Any objections?
17	MR. OPSITNICK: None, Your Honor.
18	MR. HICKS: None, Your Honor.
19	THE COURT: Well, let's see how you
20	monitor his behavior. Sounds like a tall order,
21	Mr. Gaul. Motion is granted.
22	Mr. Lieb, you're admitted pro hac vice to
23	argue this matter before this Court.
24	There's a second petition, Mr. Gaul, that
25	you filed, and also Mr. Lieb, assuming that he

1	had been admitted, but that petition is for
2	intervention in opposition to this appeal filed
3	on behalf of Jill Stein for President and Jill
4	Stein as an individual.
5	It's your motion, Mr. Gaul.
6	MR. GAUL: That's correct, Your Honor.
7	Dr. Stein, is, in fact, interested in the
8	results of the election in Pennsylvania, having
9	appeared on the ballot, having received votes,
10	and in that sense, we have essentially the same
11	argument that the Republican Committee has.
12	We would like to make sure that all the
13	votes are counted fully and fairly. We believe
14	that the petition that has been presented by the
15	petitioner here carries that process, and we
16	would respectfully ask the Court
17	THE COURT: To be fair, Mr. Gaul, it would
18	have be thrown out of Court, if it was granted,
19	but be that as it may. Okay. You believe you
20	have standing?
21	MR. GAUL: We do.
22	THE COURT: Anyone want to speak to this
23	motion for intervention in opposition?
24	MR. OPSITNICK: No, Your Honor.
25	THE COURT: You're two for two Mr Gaul

1	MR. GAUL: Here is the original petition
2	from the Department of Court records.
3	THE COURT: Okay. We are ready to proceed
4	on the underlying motion, which was filed on
5	behalf of the Republican Party, and that would
6	be your motion, Mr. Hicks.
7	MR. HICKS: Yes, Your Honor. From a
8	procedural standpoint, does your file have a
9	copy of the Affidavit of Service that was filed
10	yesterday?
11	THE COURT: Probably not.
12	MR. HICKS: I will hand that up to you.
13	So setting that issue aside then, there are
14	basically two ways we want to present this, Your
15	Honor.
16	This morning, we spent the morning going
17	through a stipulation of facts, and I have that
18	here, and I would like to present that to the
19	Court.
20	It's been signed by counsel for all the
21	parties. Let me just explain how it's been
22	formatted.
23	So you'll see on the first page, the first
24	several pages, there are stipulations and there
25	are several handwritten notations on it. Those

1 are the changes that we made, based on our 2 meeting this morning, with Counsel. 3 You can see that there are certain 4 paragraphs that have been stricken from the stipulations. Those are paragraphs two, three 5 6 five and six. 7 Paragraph two and three are issues that 8 Mr. Opsitnick is going to raise with regard to 9 our standing, which I believe is more of a legal 10 issue. 11 Then paragraph five and six is the only 12 ones where we need to take some testimony on an 13 issue as to what constitutes signing by the 14 board. 15 Other than that, the rest of the 16 stipulations have been changed to reflect the 17 agreement of the parties, and just so we're 18 clear as to what some of those changes were, so 19 that you know there is no dispute as to what the 20 handwriting says, I'll read some of those 21 changes. 22 So in Paragraph 7, Paragraph 7 should now 23 read: At no time prior to November 23, 2016 did 24 any voter file a petition for recount or 25 recanvass with the Election Division. Under the

1	Elections Code, Section 1404(c), 25 PS, Section
2	3154(c), contending that there was an error
3	committed during the Election Board's Election
4	Code Section 1404 canvass.
5	Paragraph 8, that should now read: On
6	November 23, 2016, the Elections Division posted
7	on its website, and then the rest of the
8	paragraph, there should be there would be a
9	paren and it is actually the URL for the
10	website.
11	Both summary and detailed reports of the
12	unofficial results for Allegheny County. Those
13	reports indicate the "run date" and the "end
14	times" were "November 23, 2016 and 2:32 am."
15	THE COURT: I think it says 10:32 a.m.
16	MR. HICKS: Yes.
17	THE COURT: I don't think they were
18	running this at 2:00 in the morning.
19	MR. HICKS: I am sorry. Paragraph 10
20	should now read
21	THE COURT: Nine is in tact?
22	MR. HICKS: Nine is in tact. Paragraph 10
23	should now read: On the same website, the
24	Elections Board provided the following notice in
25	bold print and in separately boarded box. That

1	quote is: "These results will become official
2	on Monday, November 28, unless a petition for
3	recanvass or recount has been filed with the
4	appropriate Court awaiting disposition."
5	In Paragraph 11, the two changes were the
6	Election Board should be changed to Election
7	Division and that the number should be 305
8	instead of 304.
9	Paragraph 12 should now read: Some of
10	THE COURT: I apologize for interrupting,
11	but it reads the petition to recount and/or
12	recanvass an affidavit of blank, and I assume
13	they were filled in or were they just left
14	blank?
15	MR. HICKS: They were filled in.
16	THE COURT: So it's 305. So you agree we
17	have 305 names?
18	MR. HICKS: That is correct. Paragraph 12
19	now reads: Some of the 305 documents were
20	presented and received by the Elections Division
21	as a group of three or more from a single
22	election district, and others were presented
23	singularly.
24	Then Paragraph 13 says: When the 305
25	documents were presented and received by the

Elections Division, the same duplicate copy of the November 25, 2016 sworn affidavit of J. Alex Halderman, beginning to be called the Halderman Affidavit, was submitted with them.

In Paragraph 14, it should now read: The 305 documents were a formed document, which a long with the Halderman Affidavit, were made available on line and by a third parties at the Allegheny County Elections Division Office on the Sixth Floor of the County Office Building, 542 Forbes Avenue, Pittsburgh, PA, and then were completed by the voters before presentment and received by the Elections Division.

Paragraph 15 should now read: On November 29, 2016, the Elections Division examined the 305 documents received on November 28, 2016 and determined which collectively involved an elections district where at least three voter affidavits were presented to and received by the Elections Division.

Paragraph 16 should now read: On November 29th, the Elections Division announced that of the 305 documents received on November 28, 2016, only those attached collectively hereto as Exhibit 1A and 1B contained the required three

1	voters per affidavit Election Districts, and on
2	December 5th, 2016, the Elections Division would
3	conduct a machine recanvass of the 52 election
4	districts covered by those documents.
5	You will see, Your Honor, we've attached
6	Exhibit 1A are all of the petitions pages that
7	were filled in by the voters and pertain to
8	those 52 election districts.
9	1B is just a single copy of the Halderman
10	affidavit.
11	Paragraphs 18 and 19 are just particular
12	paragraphs out of the Exhibit 1A, the forms
13	petitions, and in particular, they indicate that
14	they are being brought pursuant to Section 3154
15	of the Election Code, and they're asking for the
16	recanvass of the machines.
17	The last change that we have made from
18	Paragraphs 20 and 21, we've agreed that the
19	documents were not filed with the Allegheny
20	County Clerk of Courts.
21	In Paragraph 21, we've agreed
22	THE COURT: Office of Court Records.
23	MR. HICKS: Office of Court Records. We
24	agree in Paragraph 21 no cash deposit or surety
25	were provided, including a \$50 cash deposit or a

1	\$100 surety bond for voting machines to be
2	canvassed in each election district.
3	If I haven't highlighted any of the other
4	ones we didn't agree on, or that we did agree
5	on, they are set forth in the pleadings as typed
6	and we would offer those as a stipulation of the
7	facts and exhibits for purposes of this hearing.
8	THE COURT: Okay. Let's go in order. Mr.
9	Gaul, you were first in.
10	MR. GAUL: Let me defer to Mr. Lieb, Your
11	Honor.
12	THE COURT: Certainly. Mr. Lieb?
13	MR. LIEB: Just a cleanup matter, Your
14	Honor, I think in paragraph 17 Election Board
15	should be changed to Election Division.
16	THE COURT: It was.
17	MR. LIEB: Okay. And then Paragraph 21, I
18	believe it should read including and without
19	limitation, a \$50 cash deposit or \$100 surety
20	bond per voting machine can be canvassed at each
21	election district.
22	THE COURT: That's how it reads.
23	MR. LIEB: Thank you, Your Honor.
24	THE COURT: Mr. Opsitnick?
25	MR. OPSITNICK: By the time it gets to me,

1	everything is fine.
2	THE COURT: So we have a stipulation as to
3	the timeline and what happened and what went on.
4	We have a dispute as to paragraph Mr.
5	Opsitnick, you object to standing; is that
6	correct?
7	MR. OPSITNICK: I do, Your Honor.
8	THE COURT: That's in Paragraph 2 and 3?
9	MR. OPSITNICK: Well, Paragraph 2, I don't
10	think that the County can agree that the
11	Republican State Committee of Pennsylvania
12	represents, for purposes of this litigation, the
13	interest of all republican voters and
14	candidates.
15	My real thrust is, Judge, I don't think
16	that the appellants here, the entity, the
17	Republican State Committee of Pennsylvania, has
18	standing.
19	As the Court knows, we are operating under
20	Section 3157 of the Elections Code that starts
21	at any person agreed by anyone or one and on and
22	on and on.
23	The Elections Code has no definition of
24	persons in Section 2602. So Mr. Hicks, I think,
25	acknowledges this standing issue in his appeal,

1	because he uses to support his standing the
2	Commonwealth cases, and I have copies and I will
3	pass them out, a 2003 case, canvass of absentee
4	ballots, where I think Mr. Hicks was wearing my
5	brogue at the time where he was opposing
6	standing.
7	In that case, there was standing in 3157,
8	an appeal, but it's a requirement, Judge. The
9	basis for standing in this case was under 2650.
10	There were watchers, and this was a case the
11	Court probably recalls this situation.
12	THE COURT: It was my case.
13	MR. OPSITNICK: But there was
14	disenfranchisement, potential disenfranchisement
15	for absentee ballots that we, the Board of
16	Elections, did not count because of how they
17	were delivered.
18	Again, I submit to the Court, that this
19	case is a carve out, because without the party
20	having standing in this type of case, the power
21	that emanates from the watchers certificate in
22	that section of the code would be nullity.
23	That's not the case here. The case here
24	is no voters are going to be disenfranchised.
25	Everything has been tabulated. This is a

1	canvass looking at aggregates. Looking at
2	total. I think for that, you need an actual
3	person and this entity, the State Republican
4	Committee of Pennsylvania, or however it's
5	phrased, is not a person.
6	I think you have to read 3157 two ways.
7	One, literally, considering there is no
8	definition of a person or elsewhere in the
9	election code; and two, distinguishing the
10	canvas of the absentee ballots case from 2003,
11	given that the circumstances are very different
12	Then I think the Commonwealth Court's
13	opinion, again, treats it as a carve out, and
14	exception to the rule. That's not the facts we
15	have here.
16	Nobody is claiming that the votes aren't
17	going be counted individually. There might be
18	contention that the votes weren't added right,
19	but we are talking about, as the Court knows,
20	post return board totals.
21	So I think the matter should be dismissed,
22	because the appellant from the board's decision
23	has no standing. Thank you.
24	THE COURT: Thank you. Mr. Hicks?
25	MR. HICKS: Well, Your Honor, you and I

1	have argued this back in 2003.
2	THE COURT: This was a long time ago, Mr.
3	Hicks.
4	MR. HICKS: That was a long time ago, and
5	I have gotten wiser and I have come around to
6	your points of view.
7	THE COURT: Unfortunately, not the same
8	point of view as the Supreme Court had, but
9	that's okay.
10	MR. HICKS: As you know, Your Honor, I had
11	argued that, in fact, the parties did not have
12	standing. You had indicated that because
3	political parties have the ability to appoint
4	watchers not only to participate not only
5	pre-election, but most importantly
6	post-election, and in a
17	THE COURT: At the time of canvass?
8	MR. HICKS: And also not only during the
9	initial canvasses, but also the recount and
20	recanvass that may be ordered that without the
21	ability for the political parties to, in fact,
22	appeal, because watchers themselves have no
23	power to, in fact, file an appeal other than
24	being a normal voter.
25	So there is no question that as a

1 political party, the Republican State Committee, 2 as well as the Republican Committee of Allegheny County appoint watchers. More importantly, we 3 4 represent all the candidates on the ballot. 5 That's, in fact, our function as political 6 parties. 7 More importantly, I wound point out this 8 is an appeal with regard to an attempt under 9 3154(e) to do a recount or recanvass, and under 10 that, before any such recount or recanvass can 11 be done, notice has to be given to various 12 persons. Not only to candidates, but most importantly, the county chairman of the 13 14 political party or body. 15 So if we weren't intended to have some 16 interest in it, why is notice being provided to 17 us under 3154(e), which, in fact, was provided 18 to us and that's what prompted this appeal. 19 So I believe that not only do we have 20 standing because we are a political body, we 21 have the ability to appoint watchers. We are, 22 in fact, entitled to notice of this particular 23 recount. 24 So, therefore, when we believe that the 25 board has made a decision effecting outside of

its authority, nobody but us had the ability to 1 2 be a party. 3 Obviously, candidates could file and also 4 join in us, but that doesn't deprive us of the 5 ability. We are a party in accordance not only the lower Court's decision, but also the 6 7 Commonwealth Court's decision, which affirms 8 that decision, and the Supreme Court did not 9 address that because nobody indicated beyond 10 that point. 11 THE COURT: The Supreme Court reversed on 12 other grounds. I believe Chief Justice Castille 13 wrote that. 14 MR. HICKS: That is correct. We took an 15 appeal on that issue, but we did not take an 16 appeal at the standing issue. 17 THE COURT: Anyone else wish to speak to the issue of standing in terms of the parties? 18 19 MR. LIEB: No, Your Honor. 20 THE COURT: So your position that you have 21 standing is that, one, you're given notice of 22 any petition for recanvass or recount; and, two, 23 you have the power to appoint watchers if such a 24 recount or recanvass takes place? 25 MR. HICKS: That is correct, Your Honor.

1 In fact, we have appointed watchers before the 2 election and as part of the election. As you recall, Your Honor, that I was here 3 during our pre-election meeting on behalf of the 4 Republican Party and all candidates, including 5 Donald Trump. 6 7 I still serve in that capacity, and more 8 importantly, I still the solicitor for the Republican Party of Allegheny County. 9 10 So I believe that we have acted 11 consistently throughout this election both pre, 12 during and now post and we have standing. 13 THE COURT: Mr. Opsitnick, why does the 14 legislature require you to give notice of any 15 petition for recanvass to the political parties, 16 if the political parties can't participate in this some way? Don't tell me it's a swapping of 17 18 because of the legislative act. 19 We have to give some meaning to these words. Why are they put on notice when a 20 21 petition for recount takes place? 22 MR. OPSITNICK: Well, Judge, I think there is an overall transparency thrust here. But you 23 24 say give meaning to the legislative language and 25 why is 3157 limited to any person that reads

unlike the watchers section 2650, which says: 1 2 Any party or political body or citizen or 3 candidate can get watchers. I think you will agree, Judge, that the 4 5 Election Code, having a couple of decades plus 6 of dealing with the Election Board, is not 7 always consistent. 8 THE COURT: I think we can agree just the 9 opposite after a patchwork of amended Supreme 10 Court decisions it's become inconsistent. 11 MR. OPSITNICK: Judge, just to circle 12 back, the statute that permits the appeal to be 13 filed to get us here is limited to persons and 14 not political parties. It doesn't say persons 15 agreed or parties or political bodies. Limited 16 to persons agreed, I must assume that's for a 17 particular purpose, and that is to limit 18 entities that can bring an appeal to this Court. 19 THE COURT: I am satisfied that there is 20 standing based, number one, on the language, 21 which gives them notice; number two, the ability 22 to appoint watchers for any recanvass or 23 recount. 24 So that I have this straight, this is a 25 petition by the Stein group, the people that

1	have filed for a recanvass? Because you
2	scratched out recount in the various sections of
3	the stipulations.
4	MR. OPSITNICK: It is limited to
5	recanvass.
6	MR. LIEB: I am not sure we would
7	technically agree with that, Your Honor, to the
8	extent that
9	THE COURT: Well, that's what your
10	stipulation says, Mr. Lieb.
11	MR. LIEB: Well, I think the stipulation
12	says, if I am not mistaken, that the Board
13	announced they are going to conduct a recanvass,
14	not necessarily that's what the petition were
15	for that or that is exactly what it has required
16	by law.
17	It's just at question to the extent there
18	are any absentee ballots that are not conducted
19	by electronic voting machines that I think would
20	qualify as a recount, rather than a recanvass,
21	if you're not seeking the recanvass of the
22	machine, but the petition is for recount and for
23	recanvass.
24	THE COURT: I am satisfied that you have
25	standing based not only on those two sections

of the second language of the poll watchers 1 2 information, and also by the decision written by 3 the then President Judge Pellegrini, which 4 confirmed standing and was not appealed to the 5 Supreme Court. So we're going to grant them standing in 6 7 the case, Mr. Opsitnick, over your objection. 8 All right. You may proceed at this point, Mr. Hicks. 9 MR. HICKS: Your Honor, at this point, as 10 11 I said, with regard to the stipulations, there 12 was only two particular sections of the 13 stipulations that are controverted, and perhaps with Counsels' permission, maybe I could overlay 14 what the issue is. 15 16 There's no dispute between the parties 17 that post-election, the Elections Division, as 18 the administrative arm of the Election Board. 19 conducted a computation and canvas of all the 20 returns of Allegheny County. 21 As you know, there are 1,322 election 22 precincts in Allegheny County, and all of those 23 returns were reviewed, canvassed, tabulated and 24 the results were posted on line. 25 The issue that is being raised by both Dr.

1 Stein and her candidacy is whether or not that 2 unofficial result was ever signed by all three members of the Elections Board. 3 4 THE COURT: That would be the County 5 Executive and two at-large council members? MR. HICKS: Correct. So we thought it be 6 7 pertinent to have Mr. Wolosik, who I have under 8 subpoena, to come to the stand to testify as to 9 what the Elections Division is, their 10 administrative authority, what they have been 11 designated to do on behalf of the board, and the 12 process that they engage in when they do the 13 canvassing and compilation that occurred from 14 post election up to November 23, 2016. Unless 15 you want to take judicial notice of it. 16 THE COURT: Well, I have been supervising 17 the elections in the county since 2000. of know what they do. I suppose we need to make 18 a record, because no one is going abide by my 19 20 ruling. 21 MR. HICKS: So I was going to ask Mr. 22 Wolosik to come to the stand. Mr. Opsitnick has 23 agreed to take the first whack at the testimony, 24 and then Dr. Stein's Counsel would fill in any 25 information that might be needed after that.

1		THE COURT: All right. Mr. Wolosik. Good
2		morning.
3		The Court would note for anybody who has
4		not been here before, Mr. Wolosik has testified
5		in my Courtroom probably a hundred times. He's
6		not a stranger to this room.
7		Mr. Opsitnick, you're going to conduct a
8		direct examination of the proceedings?
9		MR. OPSITNICK: I am.
10		THE COURT: Would you, please.
11		MARK WOLOSIK, called as a witness herein,
12		having been first duly sworn, was examined and
13		testified as follows:
14		DIRECT EXAMINATION
15	BY MR.	OPSITNICK:
16	Q.	Mark, would you briefly indicate your job title,
17		your length of time in the Elections Division and
18		what your current duties involve?
19	Α.	I am the Elections Division Manager for the County
20		of Allegheny. I started there as a temporary
21		employee in the fall of 1970.
22		I was appointed Elections Director July
23		1st of 1991, and when my department became a
24		division, I became a division manager.
25	Q.	One of the things stipulated to, Mark, is that a

1		report and percentage calculations were completed
2		and made public on the internet on November 23,
3		2016.
4		Are you familiar with that document?
5	Α.	Yes.
6	Q.	Would you describe for the Court how that document
7		was generated?
8	Α.	I suppose you want me to go through the return board
9		procedure?
10	Q.	Maybe you should quickly.
11	Α.	On the third day following the election, under the
12		election code, we're required to canvass the results
13		of the election.
14		We have compared the records returned by
15		the Election Board to how many people presented
16		themselves to vote. We compare that against the
17		voting machine totals of how many people were
18		admitted to vote and resolve any discrepancies.
19		We compare the number of absentee ballots
20		to each polling place and county at each polling
21		place compared to the number of absentee ballots
22		that were scanned on election night and resolve any
23		discrepancies.
24		We research any provisional ballot that
25		was cast and make a determination of whether the

ballots should be fully counted, partially counted 1 2 or not counted. 3 All of those operations result in any 4 necessary changes in the election tabulation data 5 base, which are made. Then the conclusions of any changes that 6 7 need to be made, we produce a set of elections 8 results that we term unofficial or preliminary election results. 9 10 Q. In your job, is that what is traditionally called a preliminary certification? 11 12 Α. Yes. It's under the Election Code that there has to be a 13 Q. 14 five day period between that and when the Board of 15 Election would certify the result, the final result? 16 A. Yes, that is correct. 17 Q. Traditionally, does the Board of Elections sign off 18 on any fashion, the individual members of the board 19 sign off on the preliminary certification? 20 Α. They do not. 21 Q. What type, if any, signing off on and notation is 22 made by your employees of the return board prior to 23 the preliminary certification being complete? 24 Α. Each clerk, who performs an operation that I 25 described as part of the return board, he initials

whatever document they have duties on. 1 2 Q. So there's no cumulative -- there's no cover sheet 3 with everybody's signatures? There is not. 4 Α. 5 Q. Everybody that participated initials the small part of the growing certification that they did? 6 7 Well, it's the actual documents that they reviewed A. 8 as part of the return board. MR. OPSITNICK: That's all I have, Your 9 10 Honor. 11 CROSS EXAMINATION 12 BY MR. HICKS: 13 Q. Mr. Wolosik, good morning. 14 Α. Good morning. With regard to the computation and canvassing that 15 Q. 16 you're about, when did the return board complete 17 that operation? 18 It was the day before Thanksgiving, Wednesday A. 19 morning. That was the 23rd. November 23rd. Once that computation and canvassing 20 Q. 21 was completed, the results were then posted? That is correct. 22 Α. If you take a look in terms of the stipulation, I 23 Q. 24 will show you Exhibit 2. 25 The parties have stipulated that the first

page of this exhibit is a copy of the Allegheny 1 2 County Election Division Website, and on the this particular page, there is information regarding the 3 summary and two detailed reports; do you see that? 4 Α. Yes. 5 Above that, there is the first block. There is a 6 Q. 7 block there that says these results will be become 8 official? Yes. 9 Α. 10 Q. That is information that the Election Division posts 11 to the public, correct? 12 Α. Yes. 13 Q. With respect to that notice, where do you indicate 14 that any petition for recanvass or recount has to be 15 filed? 16 It's the first line of the notice. Α. 17 Q. Where do you inform the public where these petitions for recount or recanvass are to be filed? 18 19 The wording says: These results will become Α. official on Monday, November 28th unless a petition 20 21 for recanvass or recount has been filed with the 22 appropriate Court awaiting disposition. 23 Q. The page that follows that are three pages of a 24 document that is referred to as a summary report. 25 Is that the summary report that would pop up if you

1 clicked on the first page of the website? 2 Α. Yes. 3 Q. According to the summary report, it has a run date of November 23, 2016 and a run time of 10:32 a.m? 4 5 Α. Correct. Q. What does the summary report reflect? 6 7 A. The final compilation of all the votes casted for 8 all the candidates that were on the ballot. 9 Would this be the adding up of all the returns that Q. 10 had been initialed by the return board when they 11 went through each one of the election districts? 12 MR. LIEB: Objection. That 13 mischaracterize the testimony. MR. HICKS: I'll re-ask the question. 14 15 BY MR. HICKS: 16 Q. Does the summary report that's prepared here, how is 17 it prepared? On what data does it rely upon? 18 Α. The actions of the return board. 19 When you say the actions of the return board, is Q. 20 that what you were describing to Mr. Opsitnick as 21 the sheets of paper that have been initialed by each 22 of the employees who examined each of the returns 23 from those election districts? 24 Α. Yes.

So let's just talk about what is on those initial

25

Q.

1		pages.
2		What information appears on those that is
3		then transferred over to the summary report?
4	Α.	I don't quite understand the question.
5	Q.	What information is on the page that is initialed by
6		each of return board when they are doing a
7		computation and the recanvassing? What information
8		shows up there and how does it get to the summary
9		report in terms of a tabulation?
10	Α.	It's the votes cast for each candidate in every
11		election district in which their name is on the
12		ballot, and then that information is checked for any
13		necessary corrections that are made to the election
14		database and then a tabulation report gets run and
15		it's posted to the internet.
16	Q.	I assume this summary report is generated by
17		computers that are used by the Elections Division?
18	Α.	Yes.
19	Q.	The report that's presented here, is that a report
20		that the elections Division has been using during
21		your entire tenure as the division manager?
22	Α.	Yes, since 2006 when we purchased the voting system.
23	Q.	Now, you mentioned that your department switched
24		between a division to a department?
25	Α.	The other way.

1	Q.	What do you mean by that?
2	Α.	The county did a type of reorganization that I think
3		prior to the Homewood Charter, there were 32 or 33
4		individual departments that reported directly to the
5		county commissioners.
6		Then there was a reorganization that the
7		county was placed into five departments, and the
8		previous departments were called divisions, and it
9		was just a grouping of people.
10	Q.	You're under the administrative service portion of
11		the county?
12	Α.	That is correct.
13	Q.	As an administrative portion, what does the
14		Elections Division, what is its relationship to the
15		Election Board, the three county commissioners that
16		determine that board? What is the relationship
17		between those two?
18	Α.	They delegate the overall supervision of the
19		elections process to me.
20	Q.	So you've talked about the summary report. Let's
21		talk about the last two pages of Exhibit 2.
22		It would be the fourth page of the
23		exhibit. It's called a precinct report, and it
24		still has same date November 23, 2016. Run time of
25		10:32 a.m. What is a precinct report?

- It denotes the tabulation of votes cast for every 1 Α. 2 candidate by the district. 3 Q. If we look at the first page of Exhibit 2, going 4 back to the website, would that be the detailed district report portion of the website? 5 6 Α. Yes. 7 Q. This report is several hundred pages, correct, Mr. 8 Wolosik? 9 Α. I think so, yes. 10 Q. This represents the first page of that multi-page 11 report, correct? 12 Α. Yes. 13 Q. Would it be accurate to say that the information 14 from the detailed report eventually is part of the 15 tabulation that shows up on the summary report that 16 we just identified? 17 A. Yes. 18 Q. Let's talk about the last page of Exhibit 2 then. 19 That report is called a number key canvas. What is 20 that report?
- Q. If we look at the first page of the website where it underneath it says: The detailed reports available and the detailed canvass report hyperlink, would

This is a report that sorts the tabulation turn out

and votes cast by a particular office on the ballot.

21

22

Α.

this be the first page that would show up when you 1 2 would click on that particular report? 3 Α. Yes. 4 Q. Again, is this particular report a multipage report? 5 Α. Yes. 6 Several hundred pages? Q. 7 Α. Yes. 8 Q. Is the information from that number key canvass 9 report carried over into the summary report? 10 A. Yes. 11 Q. Like the summary report, are the precinct report and 12 the number key canvas report generated through the 13 computer program that the Elections Division 14 maintains? 15 Α. Yes. 16 Q. These reports, are they tied to the recanvassing 17 that was concluded by November 23rd? 18 MR. LIEB: Objection, form. 19 THE COURT: Overruled. We'll allow it. 20 BY MR. HICKS: 21 Α. Yes. 22 Q. After November 23, 2016, did the return board do any 23 other activities with regard to the November 8, 2016 24 election in terms tallying results or tabulating 25 results?

- 1 No. Α. 2 Q. Now, you mentioned during the computation and 3 canvassing that occurred post election, the third 4 day following the election on November 23rd, that 5 there were adjustments made, correct? 6 Α. Yes.
- 7 Q. Those adjustments were done by whom?
- By the members of the clerks that serve on the 8 Α. return board. 9
- 10 Did any voter ever file a recount or recanvass Q. 11 petition during the third day following the election 12 up until November 23, 2016 before these unofficial 13 results were announced?
- 14 Α. None.
- 15 Why do you announce the unofficial results? Why do Q. 16 you post them on the website?
- 17 Α. The Election Code requires it.
- 18 So the Election Code requires the Election Division Q. 19 to announce those results; is that correct?
- 20 That is correct. Α.
- 21 Q. Now, according to your website, you say there's a 22 five day period to file a recount or recanvass with the Court. What does that refer to? 23
- 24 Α. That would be filing a petition with the Court of 25 Common Pleas to either recount paper ballots or

1		recanvass the voting machine or voting machines.
2	Q.	Under that procedure, is it required to not only
3		file with Court, but also pay cash deposit or post a
4		surety bond?
5		MR. LIEB: Objection. Calls for a legal
6		conclusion.
7		THE COURT: I think it required a reading
8		of the statute probably. I will overrule that
9		objection, Mr. Lieb. It's in the statute. I
10		don't think you need to be a lawyer to read it.
11	BY MR.	HICKS:
12	Q.	From your experience, with regard to recount
13		petitions and recanvass petitions that are filed
14		after your unofficial results are announced, is it
15		typical that a cash deposit or surety bond be
16		posted?
17	Α.	Yes.
18		THE COURT: Excuse me. What would be the
19		authorities for that is that? Is that your
20		rule or is that the election
21		THE WITNESS: It's in the Election Code.
22		THE COURT: Thank you.
23	BY MR.	HICKS:
24	Q.	With respect to the documents that were filed on
25		November 28 2016 we have stipulated that there

1		were no cash bonds or surety deposits that were
2		posted with regard to that, correct?
3	Α.	Correct.
4	Q.	During your tenure, has the Elections Division ever
5		asked the Election Board, each member of the
6		Election Board to sign the unofficial results before
7		they are posted on the website?
8	Α.	No.
9	Q.	Why is that?
10	Α.	Well, we present a document at when the board
11		meets to certify that the results are official, and
12		we present a single sheet that we call the
13		preliminary certification, and they sign that.
14	Q.	That's when the certification is presented when?
15	Α.	At the meeting of the Board of Elections to certify
16		the official results.
17	Q.	That meeting of the board occurs how many days after
18		the unofficial results are published on the website
19		to the public?
20	Α.	Five days.
21		MR. HICKS: No further questions.
22		CROSS EXAMINATION
23	BY MR.	LIEB:
24	Q.	So the Board of Elections members do sign a
25		preliminary certification, as a matter of course,

1 correct? 2 Α. They do. 3 Q. They just do it at the same meeting where they 4 certify the final results? Correct. 5 Α. 6 Q. That meeting happens as a matter of course five days 7 after the unofficial results are compiled, correct? 8 A. Correct. So the members of the Board of Elections would 9 Q. 10 essentially sign the results that are reflected in 11 this thing you discussed with Mr. Hicks, correct? 12 Α. Correct. 13 They just haven't done it yet? Q. 14 That is correct. Α. 15 Why do the members of the Board of Election sign Q. 16 those results? 17 Α. Why? 18 Q. Yeah. 19 The statute requires it. Α. So there is a statutory requirement that the members 20 Q. 21 of Board of Election sign the preliminary 22 certification, correct? 23 A. Correct. 24 Q. The return board that you referred to in earlier

testimony consists of employees of the Election

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